



2025/26

Annual Report

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
ABN 52 009 778 330

FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE 2026

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
ABN 52 009 778 330

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J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present this report on the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2026.

The following persons held office of director during the year or since the end of the year;

John Scott Hutchinson
Gregory Denis Quinn
Russell Mark Fryer
Owen Jason Valmadre
Benjamin Paul Amos Young
Paul John Hart
John Elmore Hutchinson
Penelope Ann Hoolihan
Desmier Mary Forbes

The directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Review of operations and financial results

The profit of the company for the financial year after providing for income tax amounted to \$47,653,418 (2025: \$28,342,734).

Significant changes in state of affairs

No significant changes in the company's state of affairs occurred during the financial year.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company during the financial year were contract building.

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

Events arising since the end of the reporting period

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the entity, the result of those operations, or the state of affairs of the entity in future financial years.

Future developments

Likely developments in the operations of the entity and the expected results of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as the inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the entity.

Environmental issues

The Company has some operations that are subject to environmental regulations under the laws of the Commonwealth, States and Territories. The company has procedures and policies in place to mitigate any risks posed.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dividends paid or recommended

Dividends paid or declared since the start of the financial year are as follows:

- A fully franked dividend of \$200,064 was paid during the year as recommended in last year's report.
- A fully franked dividend of \$30,000,000 was also paid during the year.
- A fully franked dividend of \$223,488 is recommended for payment for the year ended 30 June 2026.

Options

No options over issued shares or interests in the company were granted during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options outstanding at the date of this report.

Indemnities given to, and insurance premiums paid for, auditors and officers

During the prior financial year the Company paid an insurance premium totalling \$336,262 that covers the period until 30 November 2026 in respect of directors' and officers' liability insurance. All of this insurance premium related to insurance of Directors of the Company named in this report. The policy does not specify the premium for individual directors and executive officers.

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company against a liability incurred by the auditor. During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company.

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors:

Director:



Russell Mark Fryer

Director:



Owen Jason Valmadre

Dated this 30th day of September 2026

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	Note	This Year \$	Last Year \$
CLASSIFICATION OF EXPENSES BY FUNCTION			
Construction revenue		2,996,504,607	3,342,630,632
Cost of construction		(2,900,793,017)	(3,274,527,087)
Gross profit		95,711,590	68,103,545
Other revenue		21,005,330	17,046,389
Marketing expenses		(1,927,513)	(1,700,611)
Occupancy expenses		(10,286,106)	(9,466,031)
Administration expenses		(12,644,786)	(12,704,914)
Other expenses from ordinary activities		(23,359,839)	(20,232,646)
Profit before income tax expense		68,498,676	41,045,732
Income tax expense	3	(20,845,258)	(12,702,998)
Profit for the year		<u>47,653,418</u>	<u>28,342,734</u>
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Decrease in fair value of investments		(343,554)	(8,363)
Income tax on items of other comprehensive income		103,066	2,509
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(240,488)	(5,854)
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>47,412,930</u>	<u>28,336,880</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the company		<u>47,412,930</u>	<u>28,336,880</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.
These statements should be read in conjunction with the attached compilation report.

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2026

	Note	This Year \$	Last Year \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	681,565,944	563,984,262
Trade and other receivables	6	54,400,989	102,851,726
Contract assets	7	156,804,366	147,617,014
Other current assets	8	9,425,286	17,903,637
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		<u>902,196,585</u>	<u>832,356,639</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	6	64,552,528	78,001,061
Financial instruments	9	22,221,698	4,733,117
Property, plant and equipment	10	138,771,303	120,263,975
Investment property	11	30,862,094	43,667,706
Deferred tax assets	12	45,230,555	14,718,451
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		<u>301,638,178</u>	<u>261,384,310</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>1,203,834,763</u>	<u>1,093,740,949</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	13	416,261,291	440,761,364
Contract liabilities	7	275,995,490	169,768,199
Lease liabilities	16	6,725,833	5,775,253
Borrowings	14	406,537	331,384
Tax liabilities	12	26,679,825	14,800,182
Short term provisions	15	7,505,626	7,067,436
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>733,574,602</u>	<u>638,503,818</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	16	32,549,157	35,130,335
Borrowings	14	570,000	570,000
Long term provisions	15	7,282,138	6,867,372
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>40,401,295</u>	<u>42,567,707</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>773,975,896</u>	<u>681,071,524</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>429,858,867</u>	<u>412,669,425</u>
EQUITY			
Issued capital	17	41,323	41,323
Reserves	18	17,858,249	18,098,737
Retained earnings	19	411,959,295	394,529,365
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>429,858,867</u>	<u>412,669,425</u>

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	Note	Retained Earnings \$	Issued Capital \$	Revaluation Surplus \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2024		386,386,695	41,323	18,104,591	404,532,609
Profit attributable to equity shareholders		28,342,734	-	-	28,342,734
Total other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	(5,854)	(5,854)
Sub-total		414,729,429	41,323	18,098,737	432,869,489
Dividends paid or provided for	4	(20,200,064)	-	-	(20,200,064)
Balance at 30 June 2025		<u>394,529,365</u>	<u>41,323</u>	<u>18,098,737</u>	<u>412,669,425</u>
Balance at 1 July 2025		394,529,365	41,323	18,098,737	412,669,425
Profit attributable to equity shareholders		47,653,418	-	-	47,653,418
Total other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	(240,488)	(240,488)
Sub-total		442,182,783	41,323	17,858,249	460,082,355
Dividends paid or provided for	4	(30,223,488)	-	-	(30,223,488)
Balance at 30 June 2026		<u>411,959,295</u>	<u>41,323</u>	<u>17,858,249</u>	<u>429,858,867</u>

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These statements should be read in conjunction with the attached compilation report.

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	Note	This Year \$	Last Year \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers		3,452,620,109	3,760,346,519
Payments to suppliers and employees		(3,260,703,290)	(3,627,267,112)
Dividends received		61,581	50,746
Interest received		18,257,857	13,195,384
Income tax (paid)/received		(39,374,652)	(40,760,380)
Property lease interest under AASB16		(2,014,380)	(2,044,013)
Other income received		1,339,529	1,195,856
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	24	<u>170,186,754</u>	<u>104,717,000</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		343,413	464,517
Proceeds from repayment of loans by related parties		11,742,178	5,317,342
Proceeds from repayment of loans by non related parties		4,192,407	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(8,423,469)	(3,157,641)
Payments for investment property		(5,242,094)	(18,047,706)
Payments for investments		(17,832,135)	(2)
Payment of loans to non related parties		-	(632,751)
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities		<u>(15,219,700)</u>	<u>(16,056,241)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings		75,153	74,663
Dividends paid		(30,200,064)	(20,253,764)
Payment of lease liabilities		(7,260,461)	(5,721,708)
Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities		<u>(37,385,372)</u>	<u>(25,900,809)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		117,581,682	62,759,950
Cash at beginning of the year		563,984,262	501,224,312
Cash at end of the year	5	<u><u>681,565,944</u></u>	<u><u>563,984,262</u></u>

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These statements should be read in conjunction with the attached compilation report.

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

1 Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the directors and members of the company and are special purpose financial statements. The directors have determined that the company is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements.

J Hutchinson Pty Ltd was incorporated and has its domicile in Australia and is a company limited by shares. The company is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards. The financial statements are presented in the Australian dollar currency.

Reporting Basis and Conventions

These financial statements are prepared in order to satisfy the financial reporting requirements of the directors and members of the company. The directors have determined that the company is not a reporting entity.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements of the following applicable Australian Accounting Standards and interpretations and disclosure requirements of:

AASB 101:	Presentation of Financial Statements
AASB 107:	Statement of Cash Flows
AASB 108:	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
AASB 1054:	Australian Additional Disclosures

The measurement requirements of all applicable Australian Accounting Standards or other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) have been applied in the preparation of this report.

The complete disclosure requirement of above and all other Australian Accounting Standards or other authoritative pronouncements of the AASB have not been applied.

No other applicable Australian Accounting Standards or other authoritative pronouncements of the AASB have been applied.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs unless otherwise stated in the notes.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of this report. Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

Income Tax

The income tax expense (income) for the year comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income).

Current income tax expense charged to profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income. Current tax liabilities (assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well as unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited directly to equity instead of profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Except for business combinations, no deferred income tax is recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled and their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Where temporary differences exist in relation to investments in subsidiaries, branches, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is not probable that the reversal will occur in the foreseeable future.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where: (a) a legally enforceable right of set-off exists; and (b) the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

The company and its wholly-owned Australian controlled entities have implemented the tax consolidation legislation.

The company, as head entity, and the controlled entities in the tax consolidated group account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. These tax amounts are measured as if each entity in the tax consolidated group continues to be a stand alone taxpayer in its own right.

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In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, the company also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the tax consolidated group.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of six months or less (upon early termination there exists an insignificant risk of change in value) and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

Comparative Figures

Comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year where required by accounting standards or as a result of changes in accounting policy.

Leases

Lease Liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the entity's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

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Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

Right-of-Use Assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the company expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The company has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

Land Held for Sale

Land held for development and sale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, foreign currency movements, borrowing costs and holding costs until development is completed. Borrowing costs, foreign currency movements and holding charges incurred after development are recognised through profit or loss. Profits are only brought to account on the signing of an unconditional contract of sale.

Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is recognised through profit or loss.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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Revenue

Construction Revenue

The Company derives revenue from the short-term and long-term construction of buildings across Australia. Contracts entered into may be for the construction of one or several separate inter-linked pieces of large infrastructure. The construction of each individual piece of infrastructure is generally taken to be one performance obligation. Where contracts are entered for the building of several projects, that are considered separate performance obligations, the total transaction "Price" is allocated across each project based on stand-alone selling prices. The transaction "Price" is normally fixed at the start of the project. It is practice for contracts to include bonus and penalty elements based on timely construction or other performance criteria known as variable consideration, discussed below.

The performance obligation is fulfilled over time and as such revenue is recognised over time. As work is performed on the assets being constructed they are controlled by the customer and have no alternative use to J Hutchinson Pty Ltd, with the Company having an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Generally, contracts identify various inter-linked activities required in the construction process. Revenue is recognised on the measured input of each process based on cost to complete for each contract.

Revenue earned is typically invoiced monthly or in some cases on achievement of milestones or to match major capital outlay. Invoices are paid on normal commercial terms, which may include the customer withholding a retention amount until finalisation of the construction. Certain construction projects entered into receive payment prior to work being performed in which case revenue is deferred on the statement of financial position.

Variable Consideration

It is common for contracts to include performance bonuses or penalties assessed against the timeliness or cost effectiveness of work completed or other performance related KPIs. Where consideration in respect of a contract is variable, the expected value of revenue is only recognised when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved, known as "constraint" requirements. The Company assesses the constraint requirements on a periodic basis when estimating the variable consideration to be included in the transaction price. The estimate is based on all available information including historic performance. Where modifications in design or contract requirements are entered into, the transaction price is updated to reflect these. Where the price of the modification has not been confirmed, an estimate is made of the amount of revenue to recognise whilst also considering the constraint requirement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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Contract Assets and Liabilities

AASB 15 uses the terms 'contract asset' and 'contract liability' to describe what is commonly known as 'accrued revenue' and 'deferred revenue'. Contract receivables represent receivables in respect of which the Company's right to consideration is unconditional subject only to the passage of time. Contract receivables are non-derivative financial assets accounted for in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for non-derivative financial assets: Non-derivative financial instruments. Contract assets represent the Company's right to consideration for services provided to customers for which the Company's right remains conditional on something other than the passage of time. Contract liabilities arise where payment is received prior to work being performed. Contract assets and contract liabilities are recognised and measured in accordance with this accounting policy.

Financing Components

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer represents a financing component. As a consequence, the Company does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Warranties and Defect Periods

Generally construction and services contracts include defect and warranty periods following completion of the project. These obligations are not deemed to be separate performance obligations and therefore estimated and included in the total costs of the contracts.

Loss Making Contracts

A provision is made for the difference between the expected cost of fulfilling a contract and the expected unearned portion of the transaction price where the forecast costs are greater than the forecast revenue. This is reflected in the 'contract asset' & 'contract liability' presented in the statement of financial position.

Other Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the effective interest rate method.

Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established and declared.

Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

Rental income is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the operating lease.

Grant income is recognised when all the performance obligations contained in the grant agreement has been met.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

Financial Instruments

Recognition, Initial Measurement and Derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument, and are measured initially at fair value adjusted by transactions costs, except for those carried at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities are described below.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and all substantial risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement of Financial Assets

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, in which case they are recognised at fair value. All financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable). For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)
- equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)

Classifications are determined by both:

- the business model for managing the financial asset
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, other revenue or other financial items, except for impairment of trade receivables, which is presented within other expenses.

Subsequent Measurement Financial Assets

Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Company's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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Equity Instruments at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (Equity FVOCI)

Investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading are eligible for an irrevocable election at inception to be measured at FVOCI. Under Equity FVOCI, subsequent movements in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss. Dividend from these investments continue to be recorded as other income within the profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents return of capital.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The company considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

- financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ('Stage 1');
- financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ('Stage 2') and;
- 'stage 3' would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

12-month expected credit losses' are recognised for the first category while 'lifetime expected credit losses' are recognised for the second category. Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument. In considering these factors the company has concluded that the adoption of the ECL model does not have a material impact on the impairment assessment on financial assets held at amortised cost.

Classification and Measurement of Financial Liabilities

As the accounting for financial liabilities remains largely unchanged from AASB 139, the company's financial liabilities were not impacted by the adoption of AASB 9. However, for completeness, the accounting policy is disclosed below.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Company designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, changes in an instrument's fair value that are reported in profit or loss are included within finance costs or finance income.

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Trade and Other Receivables and Contract Assets

The company makes use of a simplified approach in accounting for trade and other receivables as well as contract assets and records the loss allowance at the amount equal to the expected lifetime credit losses. In using this practical expedient, the company uses its historical experience, external indicators and forward-looking information to calculate the expected credit losses using a provision matrix.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost, independent or directors' valuation as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property

Freehold land and buildings are shown at fair value, based on periodic, but at least triennial, directors' valuations using information provided by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation and impairment for buildings.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to a revaluation reserve in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against fair value reserves directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to other comprehensive income.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Plant and Equipment

Plant, equipment and leasehold improvements are carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Leasehold improvements are amortised over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

Depreciation

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Buildings: 2.5%

Plant and Equipment: 10 - 50%

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

Investment Property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, and are accounted for using the fair value model.

The fair value of investment properties is determined annually by Directors' with reference to an independent valuation performed tri-annually. The Directors' assessment of fair value takes into account annual independent valuations, that were prepared which take into account recent similar sales and any changes in estimated yield, underlying income and valuations of comparable properties. In determining the fair value, the capitalisation of net income method and the discounting of future cash flows to their present value have been used which are based upon assumptions and judgement in relation to future rental income, property capitalisation rate or estimated yield and make reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties. At each reporting date, the carrying value of the investment properties is assessed by the Directors' and where the carrying value differs materially from the Directors' assessment of fair value, an adjustment to the carrying value is recorded as appropriate.

Any gain or loss resulting from either a change in the fair value or the sale of an investment property is immediately recognised in profit or loss within change in fair value of investment property.

Fair Values

Fair values may be used for financial asset and liability measurement and well as for sundry disclosures.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It is based on the presumption that the transaction takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market. The principal or most advantageous market must be accessible to, or by, the Company.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

The fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account the market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset at its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset at its highest and best use.

In measuring fair value, the Company uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs.

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions recognised represent the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

Critical Accounting Judgments, Estimates & Assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Key Judgements

Impairment of trade receivables and contract assets

The company assesses impairment of related party receivables, by analysis of debtor assets and liabilities and their ability to repay debt balance when determining recoverability of the balance due at year end. The company has applied the expected credit loss model (ECL) identifying what stage the receivable is and what expected credit loss is to be applied.

Recognition of construction contract revenue

Determining when to recognise revenue from construction contracts over time, the amounts of revenue recognised in the reporting period depends on the extent to which the performance obligations are satisfied. Recognising construction revenue requires significant judgement in determining performance obligations, transaction prices (including variations), probability to meet bonus payments, actual work performed and the estimated costs to complete the work.

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

Fair value measurement hierarchy

The Company is required to classify all assets and liabilities, measured at fair value, using a three level hierarchy, based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement, being: Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date; Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Considerable judgement is required to determine what is significant to fair value and therefore which category the asset or liability is placed in can be subjective.

New and Revised Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

A number of new accounting standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted early by the Company.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors on the 30th day of September 2026.

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
2 Profit before Income Tax		
Profit before income tax has been determined after:		
Expenses		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	5,791,019	5,605,250
Depreciation lease property AASB16	7,583,863	6,633,987
Loss on foreign currency exchange	1,048,970	-
Finance Costs		
Bank charges	123,914	112,149
Interest - other	1,051	57
Property lease interest under AASB16	2,014,380	2,044,013
Other Revenue		
Net (loss) profit on disposal of property, plant & equipment	5,121	154,675
Gain on foreign currency exchange	-	1,354,850
Interest received	19,181,637	14,232,642
Rental income	1,122,046	1,082,074

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
3 Income Tax Expense		
The prima facie tax payable on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
Profit from continuing operations before income tax expense	68,498,676	41,045,732
Prima facie tax payable on profit before income tax at 30% (2025: 30%):	20,549,602	12,313,720
Add:		
Tax effect of:		
Other non-deductible items	134,395	287,610
Under (over) provision for income tax in prior years	(446)	(90)
Other non-assessable items	(26,392)	(21,748)
Share of tax group members income tax (loss) profit	188,099	123,506
	295,656	389,278
Income tax expense attributable to J Hutchinson Pty Ltd	20,845,258	12,702,998
Tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income:		
Increase/(Decrease) in fair value of investments before tax	(343,554)	(8,363)
Tax benefit	103,066	2,509
Net-of-tax amount	(240,488)	(5,854)
4 Dividends		
Dividend Paid (Franked to 100%)	30,000,000	20,000,000
Proposed Final Dividend (Franked to 100%)	223,488	200,064
	30,223,488	20,200,064
Franking Account Balance	194,772,367	168,228,466

Balance of franking account at period end adjusted for franking credits arising from payment of provision for income tax and dividends recognised as receivables, franking debits arising from payment of proposed dividends and any credits that may be prevented from distribution in subsequent years.

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
5 Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Current		
Cash on Hand	5,950	5,950
Cash at Bank	438,633,964	310,342,273
PBA/PTA QLD Bank Accounts*	172,376,566	193,132,300
PS NSW Bank Accounts**	6,132,602	5,655,405
QLD Retention Account*	52,378,694	43,464,044
NSW Retention Accounts Over & Under \$20m	11,706,397	10,774,997
WA Retention Account***	-	287,337
Imprest Accounts	331,771	321,956
	<u>681,565,944</u>	<u>563,984,262</u>

*This cash account is restricted in use to the extent as outlined under the Building Industry Fairness (Security of Payment) Act 2017 as it relates to Project Bank & Project Trust Accounts in QLD.

**This cash account is restricted in use to the extent as set out in the signed head contract with the NSW Government and the Department of Health Infrastructure.

***This cash account is restricted in use to the extent as outlined under the Building and Construction Industry (Security of Payment) Act 2021 WA.

Reconciliation of Cash

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to items in the statement of financial position as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	681,565,944	563,984,262
Cash at end of year as per statement of cash flows	<u>681,565,944</u>	<u>563,984,262</u>

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
6 Trade and Other Receivables		
Current		
Trade Debtors	39,285,827	81,546,002
Sundry Debtors	13,507,528	15,719,689
Associate and Director Related Party Loans	3,573,547	5,586,035
Provision for Impairment Related Party	(1,965,913)	-
	<u>54,400,989</u>	<u>102,851,726</u>
Non-Current		
Associate and Director Related Party Loans	62,302,325	71,750,081
Other Non Related Party Loans	2,250,203	6,250,980
	<u>64,552,528</u>	<u>78,001,061</u>
7 Contract Assets / (Liabilities)		
Current		
Project Expenditure Incl Profit Recognised to Date*	14,020,229,448	12,622,505,617
Progress Billings*	(14,139,420,572)	(12,644,656,802)
	<u>(119,191,124)</u>	<u>(22,151,185)</u>
Net contract assets/(liabilities) comprised of:		
Contract Assets	156,804,366	147,617,014
Contract Liabilities	(275,995,490)	(169,768,199)
	<u>(119,191,124)</u>	<u>(22,151,185)</u>
The contract asset/(liability) arises where the project expenditure including profit recognised to date exceeds/(does not exceed) the contract liability/(asset) associated with progress billings for current projects.		
*Includes all projects that are current or have reached practical completion.		
8 Other Assets		
Current		
Prepayments	<u>9,425,286</u>	<u>17,903,637</u>

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
9 Financial Instruments		
Non-Current		
Shares in Listed Companies - at fair value	2,200,580	2,544,134
Investments in Trusts	171,324	171,324
Shares in Associated Companies	52	52
Shares in Subsidiaries - at cost	19,849,742	2,017,607
	<u>22,221,698</u>	<u>4,733,117</u>
Controlled Entities		
HB Catering Pty Ltd Country of Formation or Incorporation - Australia Percentage Owned 100% (2025: 100%)		
Trey Developments Pty Ltd Country of Formation or Incorporation - Australia Percentage Owned 100% (2025: 100%)		
Weyson Pty Ltd Country of Formation or Incorporation - Australia Percentage Owned 100% (2025: 100%)		
Hutchinson Modular Pty Ltd Country of Formation or Incorporation - Australia Percentage Owned 100% (2025: 100%)		
Building Industry Supplies Pty Ltd Country of Formation or Incorporation - Australia Percentage Owned 100% (2025: 100%)		
Soho Land Company Pty Ltd Country of Formation or Incorporation - Australia Percentage Owned 100% (2025: 100%)		
Soho Land Company Wren St Pty Ltd Country of Formation or Incorporation - Australia Percentage Owned 100% (2025: 100%)		
Soho Land Company Lismore Pty Ltd Country of Formation or Incorporation - Australia Percentage Owned 100% (2025: 100%)		
Roskilde Finance Pty Ltd Country of Formation or Incorporation - Australia Percentage Owned 100% (2025: 100%)		
Nineteen Valente Close Chermside Unit Trust Country of Formation or Incorporation - Australia Percentage Owned 100% (2025: 0%)		

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
10 Property, Plant and Equipment		
Land and Buildings		
Freehold Land and Buildings:		
Land and Buildings - at directors' valuation 2026	77,457,706	59,375,000
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(1,698,192)</u>	<u>(943,440)</u>
	<u>75,759,514</u>	<u>58,431,560</u>
Leasehold Land and Buildings:		
Land and Buildings - at cost	285,670	285,670
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(271,459)</u>	<u>(257,176)</u>
	<u>14,211</u>	<u>28,494</u>
Total Land and Buildings	<u>75,773,725</u>	<u>58,460,054</u>
Right of Use - Lease Property	68,335,288	64,582,947
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(32,552,701)</u>	<u>(26,965,825)</u>
	<u>35,782,587</u>	<u>37,617,122</u>
Plant and Equipment - at cost	84,286,936	82,965,456
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(69,431,568)</u>	<u>(67,497,405)</u>
	<u>14,855,368</u>	<u>15,468,051</u>
Office Furniture and Equipment - at cost	22,758,486	19,014,070
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(13,775,725)</u>	<u>(12,580,609)</u>
	<u>8,982,761</u>	<u>6,433,461</u>
Motor Vehicles - at cost	12,469,724	11,411,080
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(9,092,862)</u>	<u>(9,125,793)</u>
	<u>3,376,862</u>	<u>2,285,287</u>
Total ROU Property, Plant and Equipment	<u>62,997,578</u>	<u>61,803,921</u>
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	<u><u>138,771,303</u></u>	<u><u>120,263,975</u></u>

The basis of the valuation of land and buildings is fair value, being the amounts for which the assets could be exchanged between willing parties in an arms length transaction, based on current prices in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition. The land and buildings were last revalued on 31 March 2024 based on information provided by external independent valuers using the market capitalisation, discounted cashflow & direct comparison approach, or where not obtainable readily available information by the directors.

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
Movement in Property, Plant & Equipment		
Land & Buildings		
Balance at beginning of year	58,460,054	59,229,089
Transfer (to)/from Investment Properties	18,047,706	-
Additions	35,000	-
Depreciation expense	(769,035)	(769,035)
Balance at end of the period	<u><u>75,773,725</u></u>	<u><u>58,460,054</u></u>
Right of Use - Lease Property		
Balance at beginning of year	37,617,122	39,682,655
Additions, modifications & other reassessments	5,749,328	4,568,454
Depreciation expense	(7,583,863)	(6,633,987)
Balance at end of the period	<u><u>35,782,587</u></u>	<u><u>37,617,122</u></u>
Plant & Equipment		
Balance at beginning of year	15,468,051	17,764,381
Additions	2,402,579	1,036,541
Disposals	(303,679)	(271,019)
Depreciation expense	(2,711,583)	(3,061,852)
Balance at end of the period	<u><u>14,855,368</u></u>	<u><u>15,468,051</u></u>
Office Furniture & Equipment		
Balance at beginning of year	6,433,461	6,762,802
Additions	4,058,609	946,939
Disposals	(10,561)	-
Depreciation expense	(1,498,748)	(1,276,280)
Balance at end of the period	<u><u>8,982,761</u></u>	<u><u>6,433,461</u></u>
Motor Vehicles		
Balance at beginning of year	2,285,287	1,648,032
Additions	1,927,281	1,174,161
Disposals	(24,053)	(38,823)
Depreciation expense	(811,653)	(498,083)
Balance at end of the period	<u><u>3,376,862</u></u>	<u><u>2,285,287</u></u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
11 Investment Properties		
Investment Properties - Fair Value		
Land and Buildings - at directors' valuation 2026	<u>30,862,094</u>	<u>43,667,706</u>
Movement in Investment Property		
Balance at beginning of year	43,667,706	25,620,000
Transfer (to)/from PPE	(18,047,706)	-
Additions	<u>5,242,094</u>	<u>18,047,706</u>
Balance at end of the period	<u>30,862,094</u>	<u>43,667,706</u>
The Directors' are satisfied that there has been no material change in the fair value of investment properties that would warrant an adjustment to the carrying value as at 30 June 2026 and have therefore adopted the current carrying value to reflect fair value.		
12 Tax		
Assets		
Non-current		
Deferred tax assets comprise:		
Deferred Tax Assets	53,477,053	23,068,016
Deferred Tax Liability Offset	<u>(8,246,498)</u>	<u>(8,349,565)</u>
	<u>45,230,555</u>	<u>14,718,451</u>
Liabilities		
Current		
Provision for Income Tax	<u>26,679,825</u>	<u>14,800,182</u>
Non-current		
Deferred tax liability comprises:		
Deferred Tax Liability	8,246,498	8,349,565
Deferred Tax Asset Offset	<u>(8,246,498)</u>	<u>(8,349,565)</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
13 Trade and Other Payables		
Current		
Trade Creditors	191,889,150	236,736,544
Subcontractors Retentions	132,689,462	132,385,060
Other Creditors	71,304,537	50,410,953
Provision for Holiday Pay	20,378,142	21,228,807
	<u>416,261,291</u>	<u>440,761,364</u>
14 Borrowings		
Current - Unsecured		
Director Related Parties	<u>406,537</u>	<u>331,384</u>
Non-Current - Unsecured		
Director Related Parties	<u>570,000</u>	<u>570,000</u>
15 Provisions		
Current		
Provision for Dividend	223,488	200,064
Provision for Long Service Leave	7,282,138	6,867,372
	<u>7,505,626</u>	<u>7,067,436</u>
Non-Current		
Provision for Long Service Leave	<u>7,282,138</u>	<u>6,867,372</u>
Aggregate employment benefit liability	<u>34,942,417</u>	<u>34,963,550</u>
Number of employees at period end	<u>1,562</u>	<u>1,937</u>

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
16 Lease Liabilities		
Current		
Lease Liabilities	6,725,833	5,775,253
Non Current		
Lease Liabilities	32,549,157	35,130,335
17 Issued Capital		
41,253 Ordinary Shares fully paid	41,253	41,253
10 "A" Class Shares fully paid	10	10
10 "B" Class Shares fully paid	10	10
10 "C" Class Shares fully paid	10	10
10 "D" Class Shares fully paid	10	10
10 "E" Class Shares fully paid	10	10
10 "F" Class Shares fully paid	10	10
10 "G" Class Shares fully paid	10	10
	41,323	41,323

The company has authorised capital amounting to 41,323 shares of no par value. Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of shares held. At the shareholders meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

18 Reserves

The revaluation surplus records revaluations of non-current assets. Under certain circumstances dividends can be declared from the reserve.

Movement in Revaluation Surplus

Balance at beginning of year	18,098,737	18,104,591
Fair value movement of financial assets relating to equity instruments, net of tax	(240,488)	(5,854)
Balance at end of the period	17,858,249	18,098,737

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
19 Retained Earnings		
Retained earnings at the beginning of the financial year	394,529,365	386,386,695
Net profit attributable to members of the company	47,653,418	28,342,734
Dividends provided for or paid	(30,223,488)	(20,200,064)
Retained earnings at the end of the financial year	<u>411,959,295</u>	<u>394,529,365</u>

20 Standby Arrangements and Credit Facilities

The Company has access to:

Bank Guarantee Facility	220,000,000	220,000,000
Bank Guarantees Issued	(99,934,521)	(121,752,236)
Amount of facility available	<u>120,065,479</u>	<u>98,247,764</u>
Insurance Bond Facility	320,000,000	320,000,000
Insurance Bonds Issued	(266,692,244)	(244,850,526)
Amount of facility available	<u>53,307,756</u>	<u>75,149,474</u>

This facility of the company is secured by assets & undertakings of J Hutchinson Pty Ltd, in conjunction with the real property of the company & the related company Ciel Holdings Pty Ltd.

21 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The directors are not aware of any contingent liabilities or contingent assets as at the reporting date.

22 Events After the Reporting Period

No matter or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2026 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the result of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

23 Company Details

The registered office of the company and principal place of business is:
J Hutchinson Pty Ltd
584 Milton Road, Toowong Queensland 4066

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

	This Year \$	Last Year \$
24 Cash Flow Information		
Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to profit after income tax		
Operating profit (loss) after income tax	47,653,418	28,342,734
Non-cash flows in profit:		
Profit on sale of non-current assets	(109,218)	(154,696)
Loss on sale of non-current assets	104,097	21
Bad debts provided or written of (recovered)	139,007	-
Depreciation - PPE	5,791,019	5,605,250
Depreciation - Right of Use Asset	7,583,863	6,633,987
Impairment/Write-off of investments/loans	1,965,913	-
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase) Decrease in contract assets	97,039,939	61,918,726
(Increase) Decrease in trade and other receivables	43,859,765	12,910,219
(Increase) Decrease in deferred tax receivables	(30,409,037)	(9,392,887)
(Increase) Decrease in other assets	8,478,351	(7,706,497)
Increase (Decrease) in trade and other payables	(23,768,873)	24,580,960
Increase (Decrease) in deferred tax payables	-	(9,560,943)
Increase (Decrease) in provisions	(21,133)	643,678
Increase (Decrease) in income taxes payable	11,879,643	(9,103,552)
	<u>170,186,754</u>	<u>104,717,000</u>

J HUTCHINSON PTY LTD
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DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors have determined that the company is not a reporting entity and that this financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies outlined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The directors of the company declare that:

1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 4 to 30;
 - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards as described in Note 1 to the financial statements; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements.
2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debt as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director:



Russell Mark Fryer

Director:



Owen Jason Valmadre

Dated this 30th day of September 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of J Hutchinson Pty Ltd

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of J Hutchinson Pty Ltd (the Entity), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including material accounting policy information and the director's declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at 30 June 2026 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in note 1.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter - Basis of accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared to assist the Entity to meet the requirements of the Directors and members of the company. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the Directors report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the Financial Report

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report, and have determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 is appropriate to meet the requirements of the Directors and the members of the company and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of a financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (<http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx>) at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

BDO


L G Mylonas

Director

Brisbane, 30 September 2026

